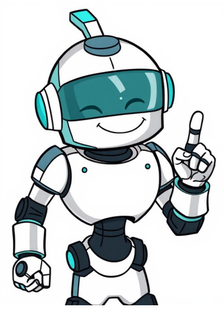
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Four Directions Counseling and Recovery Center provides holistic counseling services for various issues, including substance addictions, behavioral problems, grief, trauma, codependency, and relationship repair. Their goal is to enhance the quality of life for individuals, couples, and families by ensuring their counselors continually grow personally and professionally through training. I have been using Four for over two years now and overall, it has been great and easy to use, especially during the holiday season. However, in October, I tried to make a $50 purchase, which was declined due to their "we can't accept all orders" reason. I tried again on another site a week later with an $75 order, facing the same issue. I reached out to customer service, but they gave me the same scripted response, suggesting I try again in a week. As Christmas approached, I started my shopping early, but no matter which website I clicked or dollar amount I tried, I received the same "can't be approved" message. I've attempted orders as low as $35 without success. Despite having a fully updated app and unchanged banking and card accounts, I'm unsure what's causing this issue. I would advise others to avoid using Four and stick with more reliable options like Klarna, Afterpay, or ZIP. Their customer service is unhelpful, and the time to receive responses is unacceptable. In my case, I experienced issues with a large order being delivered to the wrong address, and Four did nothing to assist. It took nearly three months for them to process a refund from the retailer after I had already contacted them multiple times. They also charged me a $7 late fee despite not being late on the payments. The experience has left me feeling frustrated and skeptical about this company's reliability. I've been using Four since 2022 without any cap on my spending limit, but now it's introduced arbitrary limits for orders. This lack of loyalty towards long-time users is concerning. I'm struggling to purchase bigger-ticket items as Christmas approaches, which is unfortunate given my positive experience with the service in the past. $40 is an excessive amount for me to spend at once due to your recent change in policy. I used to be able to make unlimited orders without any cap on my spending, but now that's no longer possible. I love shopping on this platform because it offers a wide variety of stores. However, the new $40 order limit is not fair and serves me no purpose at all. What am I supposed to do with such a low spending limit?! I have been using this app since 2022 and never had an issue with the spending cap before. In fact, my entire limit was $1900, and I could make multiple orders totaling thousands of dollars without any issues. Now, it's become a problem. I want to buy some big-ticket items for Christmas and my daughter's birthday, but I'm not allowed to spend more than $40 on an order. This new policy feels like a betrayal of customers who have been loyal to the service. I understand that there may be a flood of new customers, but showing loyalty to long-time users like me is essential. I've tried to reach out to your support team, but all I got was a generic response about bug fixes and improvements. I want to hear from someone who understands my situation and can help me find a solution. It's disheartening to see that the platform is more concerned with collecting data than with providing good customer service. The fact that they're collecting purchases, financial info, contact details, user content, and identifiers is alarming. I'm not sure if this is related to the new spending limit policy or just another aspect of their business model. I hope that you'll reconsider your policies and find a way to balance the needs of new and old customers alike. Until then, I'll be forced to look for alternative shopping platforms that don't prioritize profits over people. We're sorry that you've run into technical trouble. We would love to hear from you so we can help! Please reach out to us at support@paywithfour.com. Four is a digit that has multiple representations in different contexts, ranging from its appearance in typefaces and digital displays to its significance in mathematics, culture, and history. ###ARTICLEFour has been a sacred number across various cultures throughout history, featured in ancient calendars that divided the year into four seasons: spring, summer, autumn, and winter ^ Georges Ifrah, The Universal History of Numbers: From Prehistory to the Invention of the Computer transl. David Bellos et al. London: The Harvill Press (1998): 394, Fig. 24.64. This number holds significance in many mathematical concepts, including the representation of numbers using digits. The concept of four has been explored in various contexts, such as the development of numerical systems. One example is the use of seven-segment displays, which employ the digit "4" to represent the number four ^ "Seven Segment Displays (7-Segment) | Pinout, Types and Applications". Electronics Hub. 22 April 2019. Archived from the original on 28 July 2020. Retrieved 28 July 2020. In combinatorial matrix theory, the concept of four is also relevant. The Klein four-group, for instance, is a noncyclic group that plays an essential role in various mathematical theories ^ Hodges, Andrew (17 May 2008). One to Nine: The Inner Life of Numbers. W. W. Norton & Company. p. 249. ISBN 978-0-393-06863-4. Furthermore, the number four has been studied in historical contexts. In ancient Zia cultures, four was considered a sacred number ^ Lachenmeyer, Nathaniel (2005). 13: The Story of the World's Most Notorious Superstition. Penguin Group (USA) Incorporated. p. 187. ISBN 978-0-452-28496-8. The cultural significance of the number four is also evident in its representation in different languages. In Chinese, Japanese, and Korean, the word for four is an exact homonym for death ^ Chevalier, Jean and Gheerbrant, Alain (1994), The Dictionary of Symbols. The quote beginning "Almost from prehistoric times..." is on p. 402. Wells, D. The Penguin Dictionary of Curious and Interesting Numbers London: Penguin Group. ###ARTICLEThe Early Imperial period saw significant events across various regions. In Germania, Vinicius led Roman forces in multiple campaigns against the Germanic tribes, but ultimately sustained a major defeat at the hands of Arminius in the Battle of the Teutoburg Forest. Concurrently, Rome fought the Bellum Batonianum against a rebelling alliance of native peoples led by Bato the Daesitiate in Illyricum, which was suppressed in AD 9. In Korea, Daeso, King of Dongbuyeo invaded Goguryeo with a large army in AD 6, but was forced to retreat due to heavy snow. In China, Ruzi Ying was deposed, allowing Wang Mang to establish the Xin dynasty. Literary works from this period include works by Ovid, such as the Ars Amatoria and Metamorphoses. The world population is estimated to be between 170 and 300 million in AD 1. A census concluded in China in AD 2 showed a population of nearly 60 million people in slightly more than 12 million households. The census is considered one of the most accurate surveys in Chinese history. The Anno Domini calendar era, which numbers years from 1 to 9, was devised by Dionysius Exiguus in 525 and became widely used in Christian Europe in the 9th century. Modern scholars disagree with Dionysius' calculations, placing Jesus' birth several years earlier. Wang Mang thwarts a plot by his son Wang Yu, brother-in-law Lu Kuan, and the Wei clan to remove him from his position as regent, resulting in the deaths of Wang Yu and Lu Kuan. Emperor Ping of Han solidifies Wang Mang's influence by marrying Empress Wang, Wang Mang's daughter, and Wang Mang is subsequently granted the title of "superior duke". As Emperor Ping Di's health declines, concerns arise for his life when Mars disappears behind the moon, and he eventually dies at the age of 14. Wang Mang selects Ruzi Ying, a two-year-old, as the new emperor, marking the beginning of the Jushe era. Candidates for government positions are required to take civil-service examinations, while the imperial Liu clan grows suspicious of Wang Mang's intentions and incites agrarian rebellions during Ruzi Ying's reign. One such rebellion is led by Liu Chong, but it is eventually put down by Wang Mang. Zhai Yi declares Liu Xin emperor, leading to the largest rebellion against Emperor Ruzi of Han, which is also crushed by Wang Mang. As Wang Mang establishes the short-lived Xin dynasty, he assumes the title of emperor and names his wife empress and his son crown prince. Empress Wang is given the title of Duchess Dowager of Ding'an, while Ruzi Ying becomes the Duke of Ding'an and is placed under house arrest. Meanwhile, in other parts of the world, Tincomarus flees Britain for Rome, and Eppillus becomes king. Namhae Chachaung succeeds Bak Hyeokgeose as king of Silla, and Vonones I is deposed as king of the Parthian Empire due to his unpopular Romanized policies. Tiberius quells revolts in Germania under Emperor Augustus' orders, and Gaius Caesar meets with Phraates V, the king of Parthia, to conclude peace and recognize Roman claims to Armenia. The birth of Jesus is assigned to this time by Dionysius Exiguus, although most scholars believe it occurred earlier. Augustus renews his rule for a ten-year period and names Tiberius as his heir and future emperor, adopting Agrippa Postumus and Germanicus as his own heirs. The Lex Aelia Sentia regulates the manumission of slaves, and a pact of non-aggression is signed between Rome and the German tribe the Cherusci. Julia the Elder returns from exile, and Livilla marries Drusus Julius Caesar. Nicolaus of Damascus writes a 15-volume History of the World, and Rome acknowledges Cunobelinus as king of Britain. The Germanic tribes of Cimbri and Charydes send ambassadors to Rome, and Tiberius conquers Germania Inferior. Agrippina the Elder marries Germanicus, and due to a fire in Rome, the barracks system is created to respond to outbreaks of fire. Augustus sets up a treasury to pay bonuses to retiring legion veterans, financed by a 5% tax on inheritances. ### Note: The above text has been condensed and rewritten for clarity, while maintaining the original information and timeline of events.The year 6 AD saw a flurry of events that shaped the Roman Empire's trajectory. Tiberius, now firmly entrenched in power, rededicated the temple of Castor and Pollux in Rome after it had been destroyed by fire. However, his reign was not without its challenges, as Princeps Augustus quashed a pamphletting campaign in Rome, leaving Publius Plautius Rufus innocent of any wrongdoing. Meanwhile, Tiberius launched military campaigns against Maroboduus, the leader of the Marcomanni tribe. The Roman legion XX Valeria Victrix played a key role in these battles. In Dalmatia and Pannonia, the Illyrian tribes revolted, sparking the Great Illyrian Revolt. Tiberius marched back to Illyricum to launch operations against the rebels. Gaius Caecina Severus was appointed governor of Moesia, while Marcus Plautius Silvanus took over as governor of Galatia and Pamphylia. Herod Archelaus, the ethnarch of Samaria, Judea, and Idumea, was deposed and exiled to Gaul. The Roman provinces of Iudaea and Moesia were officially designated as such. Quirinius conducted a census in Judea, which led to a revolt in the province, supported by Judas of Galilee and Zadok the Pharisee. The Zealot movement was born from this rebellion. In Germania, Publius Quinctilius Varus struggled to organize the region between the Rhine and Elbe rivers, leading to dissension among the Germanic tribes. Abgarus of Edessa was deposed as king of Osroene, while Ovid began working on his Fasti, a valuable resource for understanding the Roman calendar. However, the Roman Empire faced significant challenges in 8 AD. Tiberius defeated the Illyrians in Dalmatia but the Great Illyrian Revolt continued. Vipsania Julia was exiled, and Lucius Aemilius Paullus' family was disgraced. Ovid, a renowned poet, began writing his Fasti, which would provide insights into Roman calendar. In 9 AD, the Battle of the Teutoburg Forest marked a devastating defeat for the Roman legions. The Roman aquilae were lost, and Publius Quinctilius Varus took his own life. Legio II Augusta, XX Valeria Victrix, and XIII Gemina moved to Germany to replace the lost legions. The Bellum Batonianum was suppressed, and the province of Illyricum was divided into upper (Dalmatia) and lower (Pannonia) regions. The Lex Papia Poppaea was adopted in Italy to increase marriages and population. However, Roman finances were strained due to the Danubian insurrection and the Battle of the Teutoburg Forest, leading to the imposition of new taxes. Cunobeline became king of the Catuvellauni at Camulodunum (modern-day Colchester) in Britain. Ovid completed his curse poem Ibis. The world population was estimated to range from 150 to 300 million in 1 AD. ###ARTICLE ENDList of notable figures born or active in AD 2 includes Roman historian Livy, Roman poet Ovid, and Quirinius, a Roman nobleman and politician. AD 3 marks the year when Chinese general Geng Yan died. Also deceased that year are Ban Biao, a Chinese historian and official, and Tiberius Claudius Balbilus, a Roman politician and astrologer. Roman writer Columella passed away in AD 4. Additionally, Daemusin, Korean king of Goguryeo, and Publius Quinctilius Varus the Younger, a Roman nobleman, died that year. Estimates suggest a population of approximately 50 million people in Rome at the time of the Pannonian Revolt in 6–9 AD. The revolt, led by a group known as the Pannonians, was an attempt to resist Roman rule and establish independence. Despite being outnumbered, the Romans were able to quell the uprising, with some sources suggesting that they may have used violence or other forms of coercion to achieve their objectives. The data used in this study was revised and updated in 2005, with estimates for Hong Kong, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Thailand, and the Cook Islands, Nauru, and Tuvalu added. The figures were also revised to include three countries that were previously omitted from the database. The HYDE 3.1 spatially explicit database provides estimates of human-induced land use change over the past 12,000 years, while the History Database of the Global Environment gives data for the Roman Empire in 14 AD. 4AD record label has a rich history dating back to late 1979 when Ivo Watts-Russell and Peter Kent founded Axis Records as a property of Beggars Banquet. Initially, the name was changed to 4AD due to another music company already using it. The label became known for its visually distinctive identity, thanks to graphic designer Vaughan Oliver's work on sleeve art. In the mid-1980s, 4AD acquired cult followings for artists such as Cocteau Twins and Dead Can Dance. Over time, the label evolved, concentrating more on underground American rock music in the late 1980s. Notable successes included hits like "I Melt With You" by Modern English and "Pump up the Volume" by M|A|R|R|S. In the 1990s, 4AD established a Los Angeles office and achieved success with bands such as The Breeders, Belly, Red House Painters, Unrest, and Frank Black. Simon Halliday took control of the label at the end of 2007, which led to immediate successes including Bon Iver's For Emma, Forever Ago. In 2008, several Beggars Group labels were folded into the 4AD roster, with The National being added during this time. Notable releases in the following years included St. Vincent's Actor and Camera Obscura's My Maudlin Career. Recent additions to the label include Future Islands and Merchandise, as well as acts like Purity Ring and Grimes. In 2014, the label announced new signings including Dry Cleaning and D.D Dumbo. The National landed their first UK No.1 record with Sleep Well Beast in 2017. As of January 2022, 4AD's roster includes a diverse range of acts. The label has also released several compilation albums, including Bills & Aches & Blues in April 2021, which featured bands covering songs the label had released over its 40-year history. After its early success in the UK market, 4AD faced challenges in the US despite recording sales. In 1992, Watts-Russell secured a distribution deal with Warner Bros., ensuring most 4AD releases would reach American audiences. Although Dead Can Dance remained under Warner, Beggars Banquet regained ownership after five years. This shift enabled the label to regain control over its back catalog and distribute US rights for notable acts like Pixies and Cocteau Twins. In 2013, Martin Aston wrote in Facing the Other Way: The Story of 4AD that the music label's attention to cataloguing helped increase its collectability. The prefix-based system made their independent labels stand out from majors and created a distinctive culture with its own distribution network and trade magazine. Most official UK releases follow a standard scheme for designating catalogue numbers, but there have been some variations over time. The first part of the catalogue number typically contains a variation of "AD," while later standards included special editions like CAD, DAD, and HAD. These prefixes often indicated specific formats or reissues, such as full-length LPs, mini-LPs, or remastered releases. The second part of the number represented the year of release, calculated from 1980. Some examples illustrate how the catalogue numbering scheme works, including This Mortal Coil's It'll End in Tears and Pixies' Bossanova. In 1990, the label used a temporary system with "00" directly after the prefix, while releases in 2000 used "2K." Between 2001 and 2009, the original format was restored, but since then, there have been inconsistencies and gaps. In 2017, 4AD abandoned its traditional catalogue numbering scheme and introduced a new format starting with "4AD0001" for digital releases. This change indicates that the information is no longer included in the catalogue number. 4AD, a renowned record label, celebrates its 40th anniversary with the release of "Bills & Aches & Blues," a collection of 25 tracks featuring prominent artists such as Nick Cave and Laurie Anderson.

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